

A non-final report on the damages of the aggression & humanitarian priorities| Gaza Strip)



Sunday, 21-9- 2025

Since October 7, 2023



65,283 martyr



166,575 injured

Since March 18, 2025



12,724 martyr



54,534 injured

of people awaiting aid since May 27

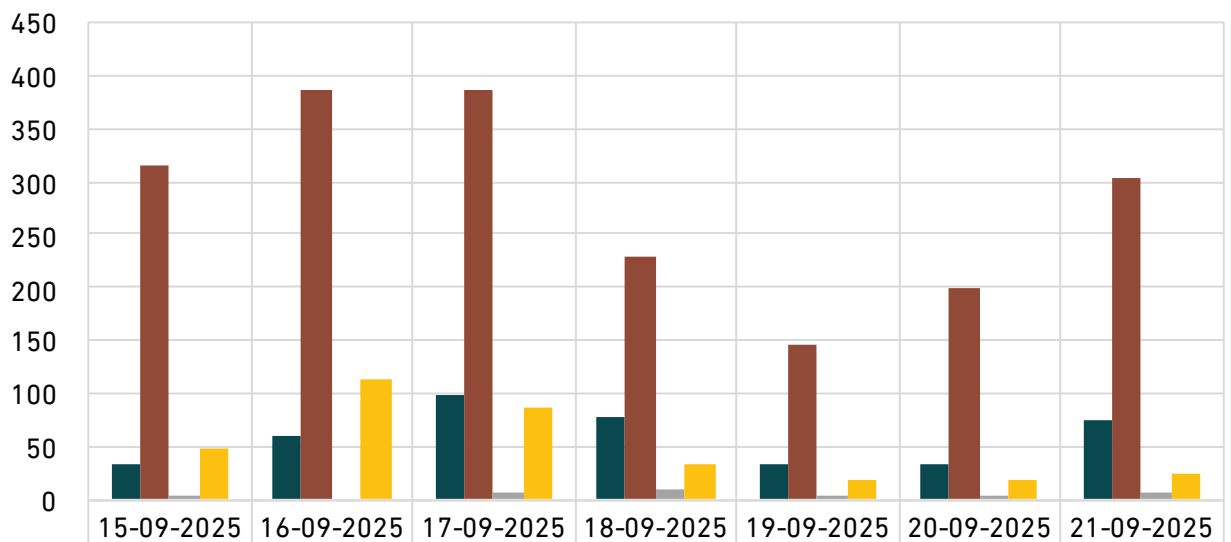


2,523 martyr



18,473 injured

Number of martyrs during the week



# of martyrs	34	59	98	79	33	34	75
# of injured	316	386	385	228	146	200	304
# of aid martyrs	3	0	7	9	1	4	5
# of aid injured	47	112	87	33	17	18	24

Key Humanitarian Updates This Week



Health Sector Struggling Under Overload Without Direction or Solutions:

- There are 1,793 inpatient beds across hospitals for all Gaza residents, with occupancy rates ranging between 180% and 300% in 17 hospitals (out of a total of 36 hospitals) that are still partially functioning.
- In Gaza City, limited access to fuel supplies threatens the continued operation of health facilities and ambulance services, while maternal healthcare has been severely affected, as most facilities serving 23,000 pregnant women are now at risk of imminent closure.
- Al-Rantisi Pediatric Hospital was attacked, causing severe damage to water tanks, electricity and communication systems, and some medical equipment. Forty patients fled in search of safety, while 40 others remained. The hospital provides specialized services, including oncology treatment, dialysis, respiratory care, and pediatric gastroenterology.



Displacement and the Struggle for Survival:

- The majority of the 246,800 registered displacement cases since August 14 were from Gaza City, with 80% of them moving from northern Gaza to southern Gaza via Al-Rashid Street (coastal road).
- Amid intensified bombing and displacement orders, the rate of displacement is increasing, with approximately 125,600 displacement movements recorded between September 10 and 17, representing 51% of all observed displacement movements since August 14.



Child Malnutrition Continues to Deteriorate at an Alarming Rate:

- The percentage of children diagnosed with severe malnutrition in surveys across Gaza rose to 13.5% in August, compared to 8.3% in July.
- In Gaza City, where famine has been confirmed, the percentage of children hospitalized due to malnutrition was even higher at 19%, compared to 16% in July.
- As of September 17, nearly 28,000 cases of severe malnutrition among children under 5 were identified across Gaza during July and August, exceeding the total number of malnutrition cases recorded in the first six months of 2025.

Key Risks Threatening the Sector

Risks in Numbers:

- More than 700 people have died while awaiting medical evacuation, including nearly 140 children.
- Stocks of blood bags, blood transfusion tools, and laboratory testing equipment have been completely depleted.
- A total of 793 attacks on health facilities were recorded up to September 11.
- 77% of the road network in Gaza has been damaged, mostly in Gaza and Khan Yunis governorates. Damaged and unsafe roads, along with high transportation costs, force many to flee on foot, making displacement extremely difficult.



Displaced Families Face Extreme Conditions:

- Families travel up to 12 hours under extreme temperatures with limited access to basic services, creating additional hardships and risks, particularly for the injured, children, and the elderly.
- Those who risk this dangerous journey often find no available shelter, limited water supplies, and lack of basic services, while displacement sites and areas with tents themselves are exposed to attacks.
- Many families live outdoors or in temporary shelters made of tarps, as only very limited amounts of tents and supplies have entered Gaza. Approximately 1,400 tents have been received through crossings under the UN coordination system, representing less than 1% of the needs.



Safety Remains an Illusion for Women and Girls:

- With the repeated displacement of over one million women and girls, safety is merely an illusion.
- According to UN Women: "Every time they move, they search for a small plot of land, often at high rental costs, and many families end up building temporary tents."
- UN Women highlights the extent of deprivation: "Sanitation is yet another daily indignity. With the absence or high cost of sanitary pads and lack of privacy, nearly 700,000 women and girls of reproductive age struggle to manage menstruation, often in crowded or unsafe facilities."



It should be noted that the Gaza Strip needs support in the following sectors:



Healthcare Sector

- 1 Fuel for hospitals
- 2 Medicines and medical supplies
- 3 Field hospitals
- 4 Supplies for safe childbirth in hospitals
- 5 Postpartum kits



Shelter Sector

- 1 Mattresses and blankets
- 2 Tents for IDPs
- 3 Cash intervention



Relief Sector

- 1 Food parcels, fresh bread and canned foods
- 2 Drinking water
- 3 Cooking gas
- 4 Clothing
- 5 Fuel for municipalities to operate water pumping stations
- 6 Cash intervention (Gaza and West Bank)

References

(1) Ministry of Health in the Gaza Strip | (2) Government Media Office | (3) OCHA | (4) UNICEF | (5) World Health Organization | (6) World Health Organization | (7) United Nations Women